

DELHI SULTANATE

Slave Dynasty (1206-1286)

Qutub-ud-din Aibak (1206-1210)-

- General of Ghori
- Founder- slave dynasty
- Started building Qutb-Minar (1199)
- Called LAKH BAKSH
- d. 1210

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Samshuddin Iltutmish (1210-1236)

- Made DELHI, a seat of Governance
- Completed Qutub Minar
- Estd. IQTADARI SYSTEM
- Introduced Tanka (silver) and Jital (copper)
- Belong to ILBARI TRIBE

Razia Sultana (1236-40)

- d/o Iltutmish
- First and only muslim lady to rule India
- Aim- to make Turkish nobles subservient
- Killed by own brother Moiz-ud-din Behram, when tried to recapture throne

Nasiruddin Mahmud

Balban / Ulugh khan-



- Defended empire from Mongol attacks
- Estd. DIWAN-I-ARZ (Military Department)
- Re-organised army
- Sajda and Pabos before him
- Killed Tughril, Governor of Lakhnauti, when he rebelled and became Independent.
- Theory of Blood and iron

Kaiqubad-

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KHILJI DYNASTY (1290-1320)

Jalaluddin Khilji (1290-96)

- Founder
- Brought under his swaay all rajput kingdoms
- Assassinated by Alauddin in 1296 A.D.

Alauddin Khilji (1296-1316 A.D.)

- Invaded Deogiri
- Conquered Mysore and Warangal
- Patronised Art and Learning
- Fav. court poet AMIR KHUSRO
- Attacked Mewar to get Rani Padmavati
- Enforced a strict price control system
- Led Agrarian and Market reforms



To prevent Nobles from conspiracy, Alauddin :-

- Stopped holding festivities and marriage alliances
- Banned wines and use of intoxicants
- Instituted a SPY service to inform king

TUGHLAQS (1320-1414)

Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq (1320-1325)

• Founder

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- Encourage agriculture
- Made Sultanpur- the capital of Warangal
- First Sultan to construct canals for irrigation

Mohammad Bin Tughlaq / JAUNA KHAN (1325-51 A.D.)

- Shifted capital to Deogiri and renamed Daulatabad
- Introduced Token coins of Brass and Copper which had the same value as silver coins
- IBN-BATUTA, Moroccan traveller, in India, during his time.
- THE WISEST FOOL (Very Intelligent and educated ruler but failed to implement)



- The boldest effort to counter MONGOL-THREAT to India by MBT-KHORASAN EXPEDITION (Recruited 3,75,000 men)
- Import of Arabi, Iraqi, Turkey horses
- QARACHIL EXPEDITION
- TOKEN CURRENCY
- CAPITAL SHIFTING FROM DELHI TO DAULATABAD AND AGAIN BACK TO DELHI)

Firoz Shah Tughlaq- (1351-88 A.D.)

Selected by Nobles and theologians

Known to have established several towns, fatehabad, hissar, firozpur,

firozabad, jaunpur

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SYED DYNASTY

LODHI DYNASTY (1451-1526 A.D.)

Bahlol Lodhi (1451-89) - FOUNDER

Sikandar Lodhi (1489-1517)/Nizam khan

- Founded Agra
- Transferred capital from Delhi to Agra



Ibrahim Lodhi (1517-1526)

- Last king of Lodhi Dynasty
- Last Sultan of Delhi Sultanate

FIRST BATTLE OF PANIPAT- 1526 A.D.

B/w Ibrahim Lodhi and Babur Ibrahim was killed and foundation of Mughal Empire was laid.

BIHAMA

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SURI EMPIRE- 1540-1545 A.D.

SHER-SHAH SURI / FARID

- Conflict with Humayun and forced him in exile
- Defeated Humayun in Kannauj 1540 and became ruler of Delhi and Agra
- Introduced POSTAL SYSTEM
- Constructed GRAND TRUNK ROAD from Peshawar to Calcutta.
- Established well organised administrative system.



MUGHAL RULERS (1525-1857)

BABUR (1526-30)-

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- From father's side- Descendent of TIMUR
- From Mothers' side- Descendent of Changez khan
- Victorious in battle of Panipat, khanwa, Garga against Afghans and Rajputs

HUMAYUN (1530-40, 1556)-

- 1540- Humayun was defeated by Shershah suri \rightarrow Battle of Chausa
- Defeated sikander suri and regained his empire back.
- DIED- 1556

AKBAR (1556-1605)

- @ 14 YEARS AGE Succeeded his father Humayun
- Bairam khan- regent / guardian of Akbar
- Bairam khan defeated Hemu- Battle of Panipat
- @ 18 years age- Akbar assumed reigns of the kingdom and ended Bairam khan's regence.
- Empire of AKBAR covers- Kabul, sindh, central asia, kandahar, kashmir etc
- Founded DIN-I-ILAHI 1581
- Constructed Agra fort, Humayun Tomb, Fatehpur sikri, fatehpur city
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- Lover of Music and Painting



- TANSEN Akbar's reign
- BADAYUNI
- ABUL-FAZL Ain-e- Akbari, Akbarnama
- TULSIDAS -Author of Ramcharitmanas
- Akbar died- 1605 A.D.

JEHANGIR (1605-27 A.D.)

- Married NURJEHAN (Mehr-un-Nisa) 1611
- Improvement in art and painting.
- Jehangir granted permission to English to establish their trading post at surat.
- GURU ARJUN DEV was martyred during his reign.
- His Chain of Justice
- Built tomb of IMADULLAH in Agra

SHAHJEHAN (1627-58 A.D.)-

- Married Muhtaj-Mahal in 1628
- On her death in 1631, he built TAJMAHAL (1632-53)
- Promoted Art, culture, architecture.
- Ex. Red fort, Jama masjid, Tajmahal
- Later he was imprisoned by son Aurangzeb at Agra Fort in 1658, where he died in captivity in 1666.

AURANGZEB (1658-1707)-



Banned Music and Dancing

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Bahadur Shah II (1837-57)

- The last Mughal Emperor , also called Bahadur Shah Zafar
- 1857 revolt
- Departed to Rangoon by the British , where he died in 1862.