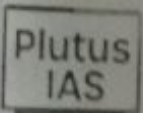


Priya
Jaswal



PLUTUS IAS

UPSC

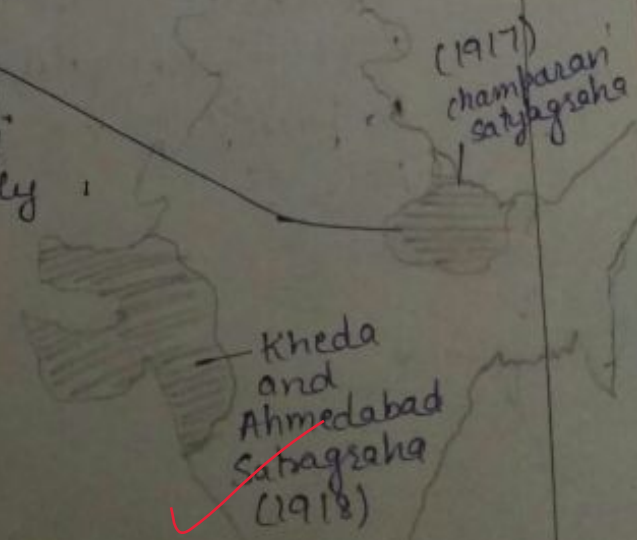
Argasia Education PVT. Ltd. (GST NO-09AAPCA1478E1ZH)
Address: Basement C59 Noida, opposite to Priyagold
Building gate, Sector 2, Pocket I, Noida, Uttar Pradesh 201301.
CONTACT NO- 8448440231

Word
Limit: 150

The satyagraha learnt in south Africa was well used in India. explain.
(150 words)

Nike
Non-violence is a weapon of strong by Gandhi ji. Phoenix Farm became the laboratory in which satyagraha was formulated but it was the Tolstoy Farm, Gandhi's second farm in south Africa where satyagraha was weaponized into ammunition to breach the shield of British imperialism. *from the senses like Sarbajit Ashram.* Moderate phase (1894-1906)

The method of Passive resistance or civil disobedience in his Satyagraha phase (1906-1914) in south Africa which Gandhi named satyagraha was firstly implemented in Champaran (Bihar) named as Champaran satyagraha (1917) in which Tinkathiya system was abolished and named



His satyagraha against Registration certificates (1906) and campaign against Poll tax and invalidation of Indian Marriages in South Africa. — Incomplete Sentence

Argasia Education PVT. Ltd. (GST NO-09AAPCA1478E1ZH)
Address: Basement C59 Noida, opposite to Priyagold
Building gate, Sector 2, Pocket I, Noida, Uttar Pradesh 201301,
CONTACT NO- 8448440231

In Ahmedabad Mill strike (1918)
he went on hunger strike for
the unity and coordination
among the masses which in turn
gave them victory (i.e 35% wage hike)

Same in Kheda Satyagraha (1918) where
Revenue code was taken into consideration
and suspension of tax and return all
confiscated property.

Gandhi demonstrated to the people the impor-
-tance of his technique of satyagraha. The
Gandhi ji's tool of non-violence ^{is} used even
today. "Bengaluru DCP signs national Anthem
to pacify crowd protesting against citizenship
Act. So Satyagraha as a passive weapon
has not lost its importance"