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Ans

Urban Planning and culture played the crucial role in Indus valley civilisation and the imprints can be seen in present day urbanisation too.

Main feature of Urbanization at Indus valley civilization.

(I) Town Planning

(1) Citadel - (a) The upper portion of the town was considered as citadel which was separated from the rest of the town

(b) It is considered to be occupied with ruling class

(c) The upper town and lower town separated by walls.

(2) Drainage

(i) Grid pattern of ~~Drains~~ ~~ie~~ ~~Drains~~ streets intersecting at right angle

(ii) Every house had its own bathroom and drains were connected to house bathroom to the main drains of streets

(iii) The drains were covered.

(3) The House had courtyard: Every house had its own courtyard followed by staircase.

(ii) ~~Staircase~~ wells within Homes

~~(iii)~~ People of this civilisation also had wells for within Homes for personal use as well as for passby people

(4) Culture Trade

- (i) ~~(i)~~ People had been involved into Barter system at that time
- (ii) Seals from Mesopotamia had been found.
- (iii) People produced and acquired a lot of Grainery at that time so most probably engaged into trade.
- iv) ~~(iv)~~ Roman Gold also found in huge amount

II. Culture

(1) Lost wax technique: This is a technique where wax figures are made and then coated with clay later on it is heated and due to heat the wax melts away and the left clay coating material is then filled by molten metal and once metal take the shape of figure the upper clay coating is removed.

- Salt bags used

(i) This technique was used as ~~the~~ statues were found of Bull from Kalibangan and Dancing girl from Mohenjodaro

(ii) In Present Day this Technique of lost wax is used to make Artcrafts

② Religion

① ~~He~~ ~~was~~ Pashupati Mahadeva (Male diety)

(i) He is considered to be Proto Shiva and had 3 heads and 2 deer ~~at~~ beneath his legs, 1 tiger, 1 rhino, 1 elephant and tiger in the seal which was excavated

(ii) Shiva is still worshipped in almost every part of country

② Phallus - Phallus was worshipped in the IVC it is basically the male organ of god and in present day also people worship Shiva Linga which is similar to Phallus

③ Trees and Animals :

(i) People used to worship bull and rhino and Pipal ~~tree~~ Tree was also worshipped

(ii) In present day Lord Shiva's steed is Nandi which is Bull and he is considered sacred at the same time Pipal is still worshipped on several occasions.

④ Burial Methods

(i) People buried in form of ~~buried~~ ^{wooden} coffins with pots, artefacts and several other things

Along with the dead body
As excavated from Harapp, Lothal
and Sukkoda.

ii) In present day Burial grounds are
there where dead bodies are buried
with some similar products

iii) Hence ~~earthen~~ also they ~~believed~~
in after life and in present day
also people believe in after life.

⑤ Beads and ornaments and Amulets

(i) Ornaments made of metals, gemstones
even bones and clay was excavated

(ii) Beads also made of gold and bronze
found

(iii) Both male and female wore them

(iv) Beads still used in present time
as jewellery

v) Amulets was considered to protect
from evil eye people still in present
time prefer to wear that to protect
themselves

⑥ Spindle whorls (i) it was used
a lot and was very common for
spinning cotton and wool

(ii) which is in present day a great
source of income.

Hence People from Indus valley civilization were great in their own planning and culture that it shows its effect till present day urbanization too ~~the~~ the town planning and grid system of drainage is followed till present day and the way of worshipping ~~is~~ remains same.

- U have used points holistically but we have 250 words
- Manage word limit
- Compare Urbanisation of NL with present day Urbanisation